

1. Identification

Product identifier	Condensate, Sour	
Other means of identification	Not available.	
Recommended use	Fuel	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Company name	Noble Energy, Inc.	
Address	1001 Noble Energy Way Houston, TX 77070 US US	
Telephone	Non-emergency Telephone:	720-587-2085
E-mail	SDSGLOBAL@nobleenergyinc.com	
Emergency phone number	24 Hour Emergency: Access code	1-760-476-3962 333053

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 1
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 2
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1 (Blood, Central nervous system)
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Fatal if inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs (Blood, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe gas. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment.

Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor/. Do NOT induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquids

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Natural gas condensates (petroleum)	64741-47-5	100
Hydrocarbons (Aromatic and Paraffinic)	8002-05-9	> 70
Toluene	108-88-3	< 15
n-Hexane	110-54-3	5 - 10
Xylene	1330-20-7	< 12
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5 - 5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0 - 1
Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4	250 ppm - 3

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. Natural gas condensate can contain minor amounts of sulfur, nitrogen, and oxygen containing organic compounds as well as trace amounts of heavy metals. Composition can vary depending on the source.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

Eye contact

Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting. If victim is fully conscious, give a cupful of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than the hips to help prevent aspiration.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Fatal if inhaled. May cause genetic defects. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs (Blood, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Skin and eye irritation. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Swallowing of the liquid, or vomiting as a result, may result in aspiration into the lungs. May contain poisonous and flammable hydrogen sulfide vapor in container headspace. Odor does not provide a reliable indicator of the presence of hazardous levels in the atmosphere. In high concentrations (500-1000 ppm), H₂S acts as a systemic poison causing unconsciousness and death.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically. If spontaneous vomiting has occurred after ingestion, the patient should be monitored for difficulty breathing, as adverse effects of aspiration into the lungs may be delayed up to 48 hours.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate toxic gases or fumes. May contain harmful concentrations of hydrogen sulfide, which can accumulate in the head space.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Specific methods	Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Eliminate sources of ignition. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, check the atmosphere for oxygen content, hydrogen sulfide (H ₂ S) and flammability.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate sources of ignition. Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste for proper disposal. Large Spills: Use water spray to disperse vapors and dilute spill to a nonflammable mixture. Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers, or streams. Dike for later disposal.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Do not breathe gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only with adequate ventilation. May contain poisonous and flammable hydrogen sulfide vapor in container headspace.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, check the atmosphere for oxygen content, hydrogen sulfide (H ₂ S) and flammability.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Components	Type	Value
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	5 ppm
	TWA	1 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m ³
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	100 ppm
		1800 mg/m ³
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	500 ppm
		435 mg/m ³
		100 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Ceiling	25 ppm
	TWA	10 ppm
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)	Ceiling	20 ppm
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
	TWA	200 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	2.5 ppm
	TWA	0.5 ppm
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)	STEL	5 ppm
	TWA	1 ppm
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	1 ppm
	TWA	0.1 ppm
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3
		125 ppm
	TWA	435 mg/m3
		100 ppm
Hydrocarbons (Aromatic and Paraffinic) (CAS 8002-05-9)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3
	TWA	350 mg/m3
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)	Ceiling	15 mg/m3
		10 ppm
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	180 mg/m3
		50 ppm
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3
		150 ppm
	TWA	375 mg/m3
		100 ppm
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	655 mg/m3
		150 ppm
	TWA	435 mg/m3
		100 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	25 µg/g	S-Phenylmercapturic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
	25 µg/g	S-Phenyl-mercapturic acid		*
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.7 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio n, without hydrolysis	Urine	*
	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedi - on, without hydrolysis		*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Skin designation applies.
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US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Chemical resistant gloves are recommended.

Other Wear chemical-resistant gloves, footwear, and protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure. Contact health and safety professional or manufacturer for specific information.

Respiratory protection Hydrogen sulfide impairs olfactory nerve function above 20 ppm, odor warning property (rotten egg smell) lost at higher concentrations. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Respirator type: Air-purifying respirator with an appropriate, government approved (where applicable), air-purifying filter, cartridge or canister.

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear golden yellow liquid.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Yellow.
Odor	Gasoline.
Odor threshold	Not relevant.
pH	Not relevant.
Melting point/freezing point	-149.8 °F (-101 °C)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	19.4 - 221 °F (-7 - 105 °C) 19.4 °F (-7 °C)

Flash point	-11.0 °F (-23.9 °C) Pinsky-Martens Closed Cup
Evaporation rate	14.7 (n-Butylacetate=1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not relevant.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1
Flammability limit - upper (%)	7.5
Vapor pressure	2.3 kPa @ 68 °F (20°C)
Vapor density	2.9 @ 68 °F (20°C) (Air=1)
Relative density	0.888 @ 68 °F (20°C)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	38 mg/l @ 68 °F (20°C) (Slightly Soluble)
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	3.9
Auto-ignition temperature	455 °F (235 °C)
Decomposition temperature	Not relevant.
Viscosity	0.29 mPa·s @ 77 °F (25°C) 2 cSt @ 104 °F (40°C) 3 cSt @ 77 °F (25°C)
Viscosity temperature	77 °F (25 °C)
Other information	API Gravity 27.8

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	Swallowing or vomiting of the liquid may result in aspiration into the lungs.
Inhalation	Fatal if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Fatal if inhaled. Swallowing or vomiting of the liquid may result in aspiration into the lungs. Skin and eye irritation. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Causes damage to organs (Blood, Central Nervous System) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Hydrogen sulfide impairs olfactory nerve function above 20 ppm, odor warning property (rotten egg smell) lost at higher concentrations.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Fatal if inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components	Species	Test Results
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Mouse	9980 ppm 9980 ppm, 7 Hours
	Rat	43767 mg/m3, 4 Hours

Components	Species	Test Results
		13700 ppm, 4 Hours
		10000 ppm, 7 Hours
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Mouse	4700 mg/kg
	Rat	3306 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i> LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg 17.8 ml/kg
<i>Inhalation</i> LC50	Mouse	> 8000 ppm, 20 Minutes 35.5 mg/l
	Rat	4000 ppm 55 mg/l
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Rat	3.5 g/kg
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i> LC100	Rat	2317 mg/m3, 3 Minutes 780 - 800 ppm, 10 Minutes
LC50	Mouse	940 mg/m3 634 ppm, 1 Hours
	Rat	950 mg/m3 712 ppm, 1 Hours 444 ppm, 4 Hours 335 ppm > 0.38 mg/l, 960 Minutes
Natural gas condensates (petroleum) (CAS 64741-47-5)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i> LD50	Rabbit	> 1900 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i> LC50	Rat	> 4980 mg/m3 > 4980 mg/m3, 4 Hours > 4970 mg/m3, 4 Hours > 5 mg/l, 4 Hours > 4.96 mg/l, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Rat	> 4800 mg/kg
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i> LD50	Rabbit	> 5 ml/kg
<i>Inhalation</i> LC50	Mouse	48000 ppm, 4 Hours
	Rat	73860 ppm, 4 Hours

Components	Species	Test Results
		> 5000 ppm, 24 Hours > 31.86 mg/l
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Rat	28710 mg/kg 24 ml/kg
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i> LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg 14.1 ml/kg
<i>Inhalation</i> LC50	Mouse	6405 - 7436 ppm, 6 Hours 5320 ppm, 8 Hours 400 ppm, 24 Hours
	Rat	26700 ppm, 1 Hours 12200 ppm, 2 Hours 8000 mg/l, 4 Hours 8000 ppm, 4 Hours 5879 - 6281 ppm, 6 Hours 12.5 - 28.8 mg/l, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg 2.6 g/kg
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i> LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 ml/kg
<i>Inhalation</i> LC50	Mouse	5300 ppm, 6 Hours
	Rat	5922 ppm, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Rat	10 ml/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	Not a skin sensitizer.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects.	
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Hydrocarbons (Aromatic and Paraffinic) (CAS 8002-05-9)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
NTP Report on Carcinogens		
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)		
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Cancer	

Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs (Blood, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	8.76 - 15.6 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5.3 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1 - 4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4 mg/l, 96 hours
Hydrocarbons (Aromatic and Paraffinic) (CAS 8002-05-9)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Cutthroat trout (Oncorhynchus clarki)	2.1 - 4.3 mg/l, 96 hours
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Lake whitefish (Coregonus clupeaformis)	0.002 mg/l, 96 hours
		Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	0.007 mg/l, 96 hours
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5.89 - 7.81 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8 mg/l, 96 Hours

Persistence and degradability Not established.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Condensate, Sour (CAS Mixture)	3.9
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	2.13
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	3.15
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	2.73
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	3.2
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	3.9

Mobility in soil Not available.

Other adverse effects Not established.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F
US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	U019
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)	U135
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	U220
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	U239
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1268
UN proper shipping name	Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	I
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
Special precautions for user	Not available.
Special provisions	144, T11, TP1, TP8
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	201
Packaging bulk	243

IATA

UN number	UN1268
UN proper shipping name	Petroleum products, n.o.s.
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	I
Environmental hazards	Yes
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for user	Not available.

IMDG

UN number	UN1268
UN proper shipping name	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	I
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Not available.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	This product is hazardous according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	
	Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Cancer
 Central nervous system
 Blood
 Aspiration
 Skin
 Eye
 respiratory tract irritation
 Flammability

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) LISTED
 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) LISTED
 Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4) LISTED
 n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) LISTED
 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) LISTED
 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
 Delayed Hazard - Yes
 Fire Hazard - Yes
 Pressure Hazard - No
 Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value
Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4	100	500 lbs		

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Hydrocarbons (Aromatic and Paraffinic)	8002-05-9	> 70
Toluene	108-88-3	< 15
n-Hexane	110-54-3	5 - 10
Xylene	1330-20-7	< 12
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5 - 5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0 - 1
Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4	250 ppm - 3

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 Hydrocarbons (Aromatic and Paraffinic) (CAS 8002-05-9)
 n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

US state regulations WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 Hydrocarbons (Aromatic and Paraffinic) (CAS 8002-05-9)
 Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)
 n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 Hydrocarbons (Aromatic and Paraffinic) (CAS 8002-05-9)
 Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)
 n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 Hydrocarbons (Aromatic and Paraffinic) (CAS 8002-05-9)
 Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)
 n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)
 n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65**US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance**

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 03-July-2014
Revision date 14-July-2014
Version # 03

NFPA ratings**References**

ECHA registered substances database
HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens
Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

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